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6	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
7	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA
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9	Salvador Reza, ) CV 11-01170-PHX-FJM
10	Plaintiff, ORDER
11	vs.
12	Russell Pearce,
13	)
14	Defendant.
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The court has before it defendant's motion for protective order (doc. 78). We granted defendant's motion to expedite and ordered plaintiff to file a response no later than 3pm on July 30, 2012 (doc. 81). Plaintiff filed a late response at 5pm (doc. 82).

This action arises out of plaintiff's exclusion from the Arizona State Senate building on February 24, 2011 at the direction of defendant, former Senate President. Plaintiff, who alleged in his complaint that defendant is a racist, claims that defendant banned him from the Senate building in part due to his Mexican ancestry.

Defendant seeks a protective order preventing plaintiff from deposing him about his alleged relationship with JT Ready, an individual who defendant describes as "a Neo-Nazi, white supremacist, mass-murderer of women and children." Mot. at 1. Defendant argues that any relationship between him and Ready is not relevant, and that this line of questioning is intended to annoy, embarrass, and oppress him. Specifically, defendant argues that plaintiff will improperly attempt to associate him with JT Ready in order to harm his

reputation and hurt his candidacy for the Arizona State Senate.

A party can obtain discovery "that is relevant to any party's claim or defense." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). Discovery is relevant even if it would ultimately be inadmissible at trial if it is "reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence." <u>Id.</u> Even if discovery is relevant, we may issue a protective order "to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense." <u>Id.</u> 26(c). The party seeking the protective order has the burden to demonstrate good cause "by demonstrating harm or prejudice that will result from the discovery." <u>Rivera v. NIBCO, Inc.</u>, 364 F.3d 1057, 1063 (9th Cir. 2004).

Defendant argues that his alleged relationship with JT Ready is not relevant to plaintiff's claims that defendant banned him from the State Senate building because of his Mexican ancestry. If defendant associated with a Neo-Nazi murderer, details about this relationship may make it slightly more likely that defendant himself was racist. We do not see how defendant's relationship with Ready could be relevant to plaintiff's claims for any other reason, and plaintiff does not argue otherwise. Despite plaintiff's argument that this evidence would be highly probative of defendant's racism, it is highly likely that the evidence would be excluded under Federal Rule of Evidence 403. Evidence that connects defendant to a Neo-Nazi murderer would almost certainly inflame the jury, causing prejudice that would substantially outweigh its minimal probity. Although Rule 26, Fed. R. Civ. P. does not require relevant information to be admissible in order to be discoverable, it does require that the discovery be "reasonably calculated" to lead to admissible evidence. We conclude that questioning defendant about his relationship with Ready does not meet this standard.

Moreover, plaintiff acknowledges that he has already discovered evidence showing that defendant was a "friend, sponsor, and mentor" to Ready. Response at 2. We must limit the extent of discovery sought if we determine that the discovery sought is cumulative, duplicative, or can be obtained from another source. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(2)(C)(i). Plaintiff has not argued that his line of questioning would reveal new information about defendant's relationship to Ready. Finally, plaintiff argues that defendant might admit during his

## deposition that he agreed with Ready's racist opinions. Plaintiff may question defendant about his views on race without getting into the issue of defendant's relationship with Ready. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED GRANTING defendant's motion for protective order (doc. 78). Plaintiff is prohibited from deposing defendant concerning his relationship with JT Ready. DATED this 30<sup>th</sup> day of July, 2012. United States District Judge

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